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KIRIRI WOMENS' UNIVERSITY OF SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY
UNIVERSITY EXAMINATION, 2020/2021 ACADEMIC YEAR
SECOND YEAR, FIRST SEMESTER EXAMINATION
FOR THE DEGREE OF BACHELOR OF EDUCATION ARTS

Date: 15th December, 2020
Time: 8.30am – 10.30am

KMA 2204 - LINEAR ALGEBRA 11

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

ANSWER QUESTION ONE (COMPULSORY) AND ANY OTHER TWO QUESTIONS

QUESTION ONE (30 MARKS)

- a) i) Compute $\langle u, v \rangle$ using the inner product \mathbb{R}^2 defined by $\langle u, v \rangle = 3u_1v_1 + 2u_2v_2$ where $u = (2, 3)$, $v = (-4, 5)$. (2 Marks)
- ii) Use the inner product defined by $\langle f, g \rangle = \int_0^1 f(x)g(x)dx$ to compute the $\langle f, g \rangle$ for the vectors of $f(x) = x$ and $g(x) = e^x$ in $C[0, 1]$. (4 Marks)
- b) Let P_2 have the inner product defined by $\langle p, q \rangle = a_0b_0 + a_1b_1 + a_2b_2$, where $p(x) = a_0 + a_1x + a_2x^2$ and $q(x) = b_0 + b_1x + b_2x^2$. Find $\|p\|$ where $p = -1 + x^2 + 2x$. (4 Marks)
- c) Let $A = \begin{bmatrix} 4 & 3 \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$. Compute A^5 (5 Marks)
- d) Find the coordinate vector and coordinate matrix of the vector $v = (2, -1, 3)$ relative to the basis $S = \{(1, 0, 0), (2, 2, 0), (3, 3, 3)\}$. (5 Marks)
- e) Given the matrix $A = \begin{bmatrix} 3 & 0 \\ 8 & -1 \end{bmatrix}$
- i) Find the characteristic equation of A . (2 Marks)
- ii) Find the eigenvalues of matrix A . (2 Marks)
- iii) Inverse of matrix A . (3 Marks)
- f) Find a unit vector orthogonal to both $v_1 = (1, 1, 2)$ and $v_2 = (0, 1, 3)$ (3 Marks)

QUESTION TWO (20 MARKS)

- a) Given $A = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 2 \\ 1 & 3 \end{bmatrix}$. Find a matrix B such that $B^2 = A$. (7 Marks)
- b) Consider the bases $B = \{u_1, u_2, u_3\} = \{(1,0,0), (0,1,0), (0,0,1)\}$ and $B' = \{v_1, v_2, v_3\} = \{(1,0,1), (0,-1,2), (2,3,-5)\}$ for \mathbb{R}^3 .
- i) Find the Transition matrix from B to B' . (7 Marks)
- ii) Compute the coordinate matrix $[x]_B$, where $x = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 3 \\ 6 \end{bmatrix}$. (3 Marks)
- iii) Find the transition matrix from B' to B . (3 Marks)

QUESTION THREE (20 MARKS)

- a) Let \mathbb{R}^3 have the Euclidean inner product. Find the cosine of the angle between u and v given that $u = (-1, 5, 2), v = (2, 4, -9)$. (5 Marks)
- b) Let \mathbb{R}^3 have the Euclidean inner product. Determine whether the following vectors form an orthonormal set
 $u_1 = \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}, 0, \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}\right), u_2 = (0, 1, 0), u_3 = \left(\frac{-1}{\sqrt{2}}, 0, \frac{3}{\sqrt{2}}\right)$ (8 Marks)
- c) Use the Gram-Schmidt process to transform the basis $\{u_1, u_2, u_3\}$ into an orthonormal basis using the Euclidean inner product in \mathbb{R}^3 where $u_1 = (1, 1, 1), u_2 = (-1, 1, 0), u_3 = (1, 2, 1)$. (7 Marks)

QUESTION FOUR (20 MARKS)

- a) Find a matrix P that diagonalizes A , and hence determine $P^{-1}AP$, where $A = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 1 \\ 1 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$ (10 Marks)
- b) State the Cayley – Hamilton theorem and hence use the matrix $A = \begin{bmatrix} 3 & 1 & -1 \\ 2 & 2 & -1 \\ 2 & 2 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$ to verify theorem. (10 Marks)

QUESTION FIVE (20 MARKS)

- a) Find a matrix P that diagonalises the matrix $A = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 2 & 1 \\ -1 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$ (10 Marks)
- b) Use diagonalization to identify the conic section $2x^2 + 2y^2 - 4xy = 1$. (10 Marks)